Operating Instructions

Ultrasonic sensor for continuous level measurement

VEGASON 62

Foundation Fieldbus

Document ID: 28791

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Supplementary documentation

Information:
Supplementary documents appropriate to the ordered version come with the delivery. You can find them listed in chapter "*Product description*".

Instructions manuals for accessories and replacement parts

Tip:
To ensure reliable setup and operation of your VEGASON 62, we offer accessories and replacement parts. The corresponding documentations are:

- 27835 - Display and adjustment module PLICSCOM
- 32628 - Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 27720 - External indication VEGADIS 61
- 34296 - Protective cover
- 30176 - Electronics module VEGASON series 60

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1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions manual provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance and fault rectification. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained specialist personnel. The contents of this manual should be made available to these personnel and put into practice by them.

1.3 Symbols used

Information, tip, note
This symbol indicates helpful additional information.

Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.

Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.

Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.

Ex applications
This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

SIL applications
This symbol indicates instructions for functional safety which must be taken into account particularly for safety-relevant applications.

- **List**
  The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

→ **Action**
This arrow indicates a single action.

1 **Sequence of actions**
Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.

Battery disposal
This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

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2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this operating instructions manual must be carried out only by trained specialist personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

VEGASON 62 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of the instrument can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill or damage to system components through incorrect mounting or adjustment.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and guidelines. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the necessary occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 Safety label on the instrument

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must be observed.

2.6 CE conformity

The device fulfills the legal requirements of the applicable EC guidelines. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm successful testing of the product.

2.7 Fulfillment of NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfills the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 – Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 43 – Signal level for malfunction information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 – Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.8 Safety instructions for Ex areas

Please note the Ex-specific safety information for installation and operation in Ex areas. These safety instructions are part of the operating instructions manual and come with the Ex-approved instruments.

2.9 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfill this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter "*Packaging, transport and storage*"
- Chapter "*Disposal*"

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- VEGASON 62 ultrasonic sensor
- Documentation
  - this operating instructions manual
  - Operating instructions manual 27835 "*Display and adjustment module PLICSCOM*" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual 31708 "*Heating for display and adjustment module*" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual "*Plug connector*" (optional)
  - Ex-specific "*Safety instructions*" (with Ex versions)
  - if necessary, further certificates

Constituent parts

The VEGASON 62 consists of the components:

- Process fitting with transducer
- Housing with electronics, optionally available with plug connector
- Housing cover, optionally available with display and adjustment module PLICSCOM

The components are available in different versions.

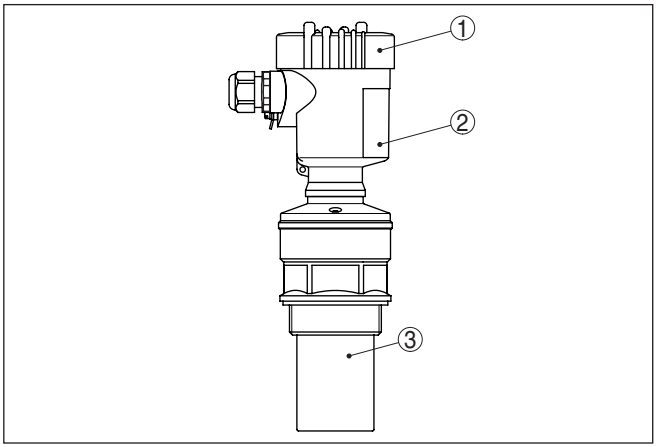

Fig. 1: VEGASON 62 - threaded version with plastic housing

1 Housing cover with integrated PLICSCOM (optional)
2 Housing with electronics
3 Process fitting with transducer

3.2 Principle of operation

Application area

VEGASON 62 is an ultrasonic sensor for continuous level measurement. It is suitable for liquids and solids in virtually all industries, particularly in the water and waste water industry.

Functional principle

The transducer of the ultrasonic sensor transmits short ultrasonic pulses to the measured product. These pulses are reflected by product surface and received back by the transducer as echoes. The running time of the ultrasonic pulses from emission to reception is proportional to the distance and hence the level. The determined level is converted into an appropriate output signal and outputted as measured value.

Power supply and bus communication

Power is supplied via the H1 Fieldbus. A two-wire cable according to Fieldbus specification serves as carrier of both power and digital data for multiple sensors. This cable can be operated in two versions:

- via an H1 interface card in the control system and additional power supply
- via a Linking device with HSE (High speed Ethernet) and additional power supply according to IEC 61158-2

DD/CFF

The DD (Device Descriptions) and CFF (capability files) necessary for planning and configuration of your FF (Foundation Fieldbus) communication network are available in the download area of the VEGA homepage www.vega.com under "*Services - Downloads - Software - Foundation Fieldbus*". The appropriate certificates are also available there. A CD with the appropriate files and certificates can be ordered via e-mail under info@de.vega.com or by phone from one of the VEGA agencies under the order number "DRIVER.S".

The backlight of the display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor. Prerequisite is a certain level of operating voltage.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

The optional heating requires its own operating voltage. You can find details in the supplementary instructions manual "*Heating for display and adjustment module*".

This function is generally not available for approved instruments.

3.3 Operation

The instrument can be adjusted with the following adjustment media:

- With the display and adjustment module
- with the suitable VEGA DTM in conjunction with an adjustment software according to the FDT/DTM standard, e.g. PACTware and PC
- a configuration tool

3.4 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

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Transport

Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "*Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions*"
- Relative humidity 20 … 85 %

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Suitability for the process conditions

Make sure that all parts of the instrument coming in direct contact with the process, especially the sensor element, process seal and process fitting, are suitable for the existing process conditions, such as process pressure, process temperature as well as the chemical properties of the medium.

You can find the specifications in chapter "*Technical data*" and on the nameplate.

Installation position

Select an installation position you can easily reach for mounting and connecting as well as later retrofitting of a display and adjustment module. The housing can be rotated by 330° without the use of any tools. You can also install the display and adjustment module in four different positions (each displaced by 90°).

Moisture

Use the recommended cables (see chapter "*Connecting to power supply*") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

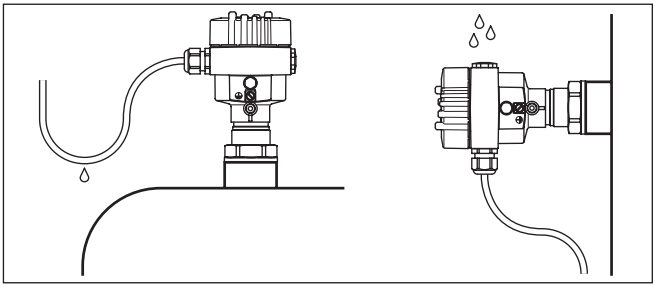


Fig. 2: Measures against moisture ingress

Measuring range

The reference plane for the measuring range is the lower edge of the transducer.

Make sure that a minimum distance from the reference plane - the so-called dead zone, in which measurement is not possible - is maintained. The exact value of the dead zone is stated in chapter "*Technical data*".

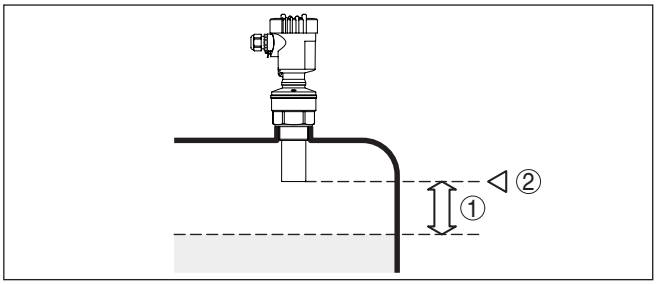


Fig. 3: Minimum distance to the max. level

1 Dead zone
2 Reference plane

Information:
If the medium reaches the transducer, buildup can form on it and cause faulty measurements later on.

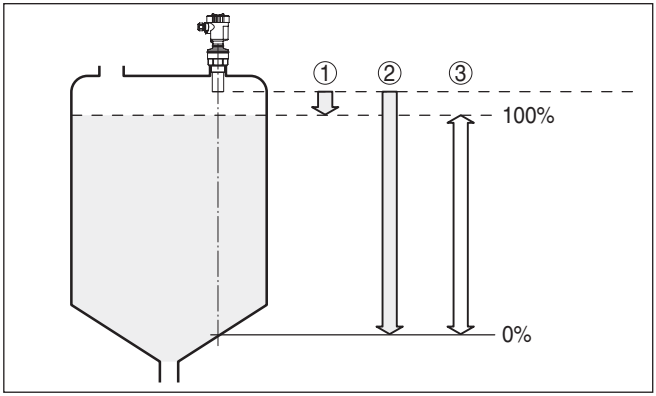


Fig. 4: Measuring range (operating range) and max. measuring distance

1 full
2 empty (max. measuring distance)
3 Measuring range

Pressure/Vacuum

Gauge pressure in the vessel does not influence VEGASON 62. Low pressure or vacuum does, however, damp the ultrasonic pulses. This influences the measuring result, particularly if the level is very low. With pressures under -0.2 bar (-20 kPa) you should use a different measuring principle, e.g. radar or guided microwave.

4.2 Mounting instructions

Screwing in

Screw VEGASON 62 into the mounting socket with an appropriate spanner applied to the hexagon of the process fitting. Max. torque see chapter "*Technical data*".

Warning:
The housing must not be used to screw the instrument in! Applying tightening force can damage internal parts of the housing.

Installation position

When mounting the sensor, keep a distance of at least 200 mm (7.874 in) to the vessel wall. If the sensor is installed in the center of dished or round vessel tops, multiple echoes can arise. These can, however, be suppressed by an appropriate adjustment (see chapter "*Setup*").

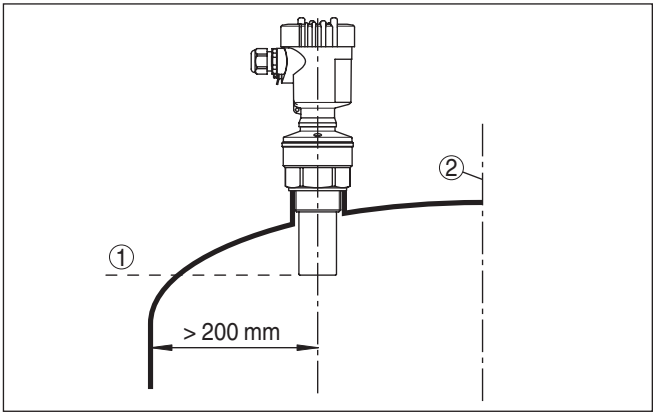


Fig. 5: Mounting on round vessel tops

1 Reference plane
2 Vessel center or symmetry axis

If this distance cannot be maintained, a false signal storage should be carried out during setup. This applies particularly if buildup on the vessel wall is expected. In such cases, we recommend repeating the false signal storage at a later date with existing buildup.

In vessels with conical bottom it can be advantageous to mount the sensor in the center of the vessel, as measurement is then possible down to the lowest point of the vessel bottom.

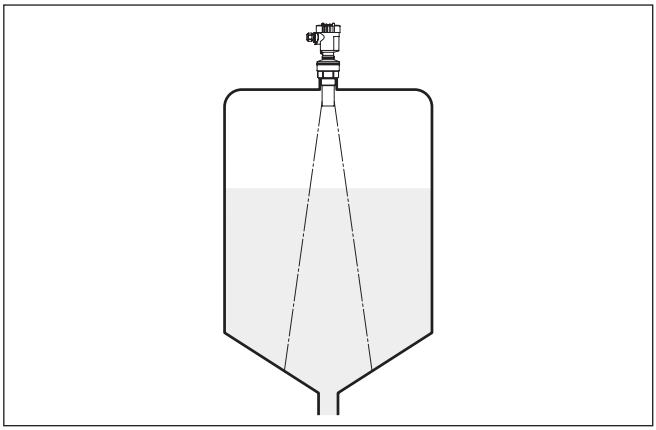


Fig. 6: Vessel with conical bottom

Socket

Socket pieces should be dimensioned so that the lower end of the transducer protrudes at least 10 mm (0.394 in) out of the socket.

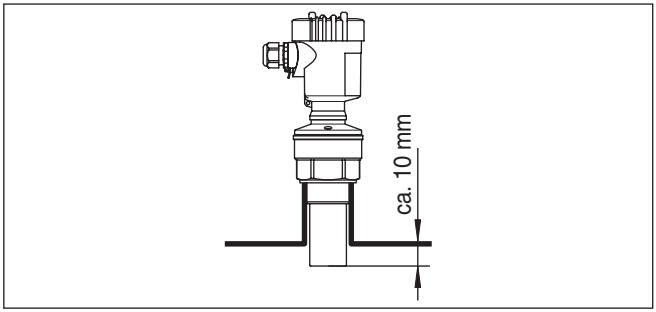


Fig. 7: Recommended socket mounting

If the reflective properties of the medium are good, you can mount VEGASON 62 on sockets which are higher than the length of the transducer. You will find recommended values for socket heights in the following illustration. The socket end should be smooth and burr-free, if possible also rounded. Carry out a false echo storage.

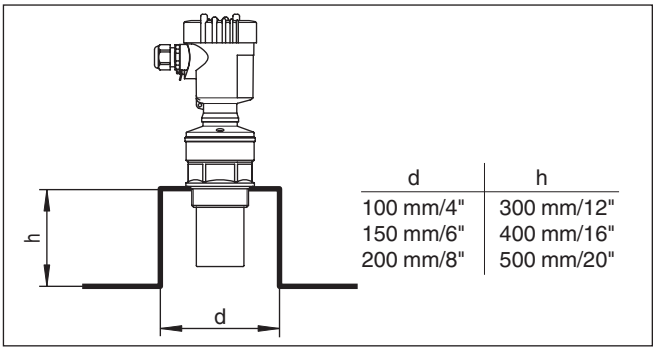


Fig. 8: Deviating socket dimensions

Sensor orientation

In liquids, direct the sensor as perpendicular as possible to the product surface to achieve optimum measurement results.

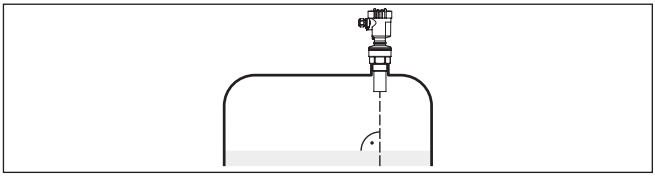


Fig. 9: Alignment in liquids

To reduce the min. distance to the medium, you can also mount VEGASON 62 with a beam deflector. By doing this, it is possible to fill the vessel nearly to maximum. Such an arrangement is suitable primarily for open vessels such as e.g. overflow basins.

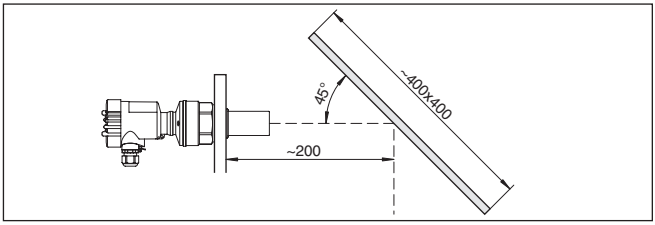


Fig. 10: Beam deflector

Vessel installations

The ultrasonic sensor should be installed at a location where no installations cross the ultrasonic beam.

Vessel installations such as for example, ladders, limit switches, heating spirals, struts etc. can cause false echoes that interfere with the useful echo. Make sure when planning your measuring site that the ultrasonic signals have a "clear view" to the measured product.

In case of existing vessel installations, a false echo storage should be carried out during setup.

If large vessel installations such as struts or supports cause false echoes, these can be attenuated through supplementary measures. Small, inclined sheet metal or plastic baffles above the installations scatter the ultrasonic signals and avoid direct false echoes.

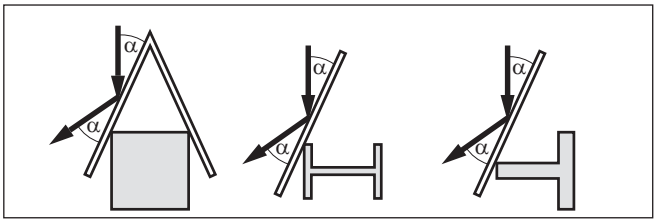


Fig. 11: Cover flat, large-area profiles with deflectors

Agitators

If there are agitators in the vessel, a false signal storage should be carried out with the agitators in motion. This ensures that the interfering reflections from the agitators are saved with the blades in different positions.

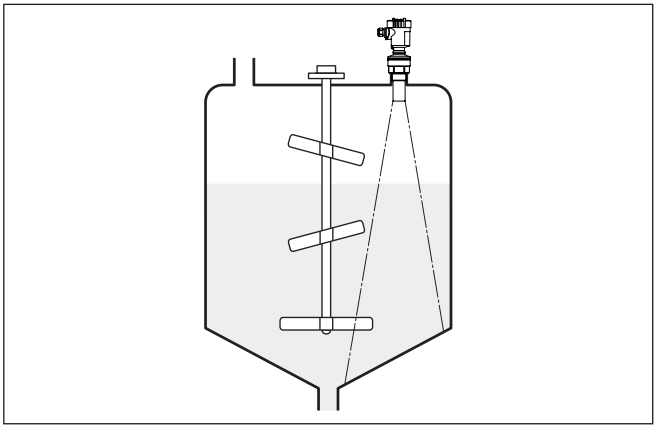


Fig. 12: Agitators

Inflowing medium

Do not mount the instruments in or above the filling stream. Make sure that you detect the product surface, not the inflowing product.

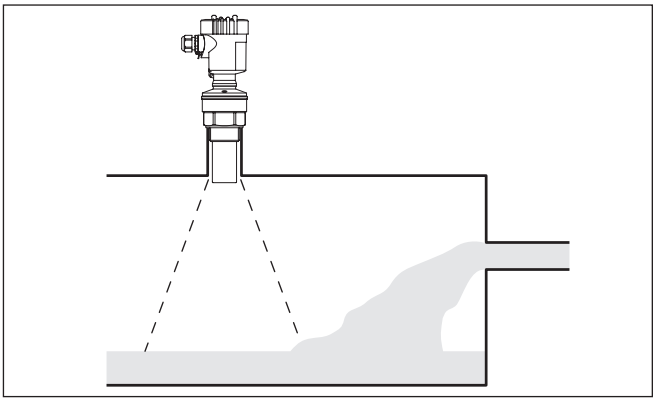


Fig. 13: Inflowing liquid

Foam

Through the action of filling, stirring and other processes in the vessel, dense foams which considerably damp the emitted signals may form on the product surface.

If foams are causing measurement errors, the sensor should be used in a standpipe or, alternatively, the more suitable guided radar sensors (TDR) should be used.

Guided wave radar is unaffected by foam generation and is particularly suitable for such applications.

Air turbulences

If there are strong air currents in the vessel, e.g. due to strong winds in outdoor installations or air turbulence, e.g. by cyclone extraction you should mount VEGASON 62 in a standpipe or use a different measuring principle, e.g. radar or guided radar (TDR).

Standpipe measurement

By using a standpipe (surge or bypass tube), the influence of vessel installations, foam generation and turbulence is excluded.

Standpipes must extend all the way down to the requested min. level, as measurement is only possible within the tube.

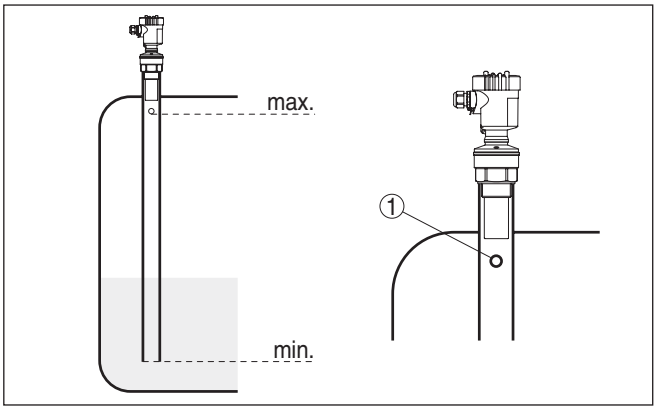


Fig. 14: Standpipe in the tank

1 Vent hole: ø 5 … 10 mm (0.197 … 0.394 in)

VEGASON 62 can be used from tube diameters of 50 mm (1.969 in).

Avoid large gaps and thick welding joints when connecting the tubes. Generally carry out a false echo storage.

Measurement in a standpipe is not recommended for extremely adhesive products.

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed according to Foundation Fieldbus specification

Tip:
We recommend VEGA overvoltage arrester B63-32.

In hazardous areas you must take note of the respective regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.

Voltage supply

The instrument requires a operating voltage of 9 … 32 V DC. Operating voltage and the digital bus signal are carried on the same two-wire connection cable. Power is supplied via the H1 power supply.

Connection cable

Connection is carried out with screened cable according to Fieldbus specification.

Use cable with round cross-section. A cable outer diameter of 5 … 9 mm (0.2 … 0.35 in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section, exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland.

Make sure that the entire installation is carried out according to the Fieldbus specification. In particular, make sure that the bus is terminated with suitable terminating resistors.

Cable gland ½ NPT

On the instrument with cable entry ½ NPT and plastic housing there is a metallic ½" threaded insert moulded into the plastic housing.

Caution:
No grease should be used when screwing the NPT cable gland or steel tube into the threaded insert. Standard grease can contain additives that corrode the connection between threaded insert and housing. This would influence the stability of the connection and the tightness of the housing.

Cable screening and grounding

In systems with potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit, in the connection box and at the sensor. The screen in the sensor must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the potential equalisation (low impedance).

In systems without potential equalisation, connect the cable screen directly to ground potential at the power supply unit and at the sensor. In the connection box or T-distributor, the screen of the short stub to the sensor must not be connected to ground potential or to another cable screen. The cable screens to the power supply unit and to the next distributor must be connected to each other and also connected to ground potential via a ceramic capacitor (e.g. 1 nF, 1500 V). The

low frequency potential equalisation currents are thus suppressed, but the protective effect against high frequency interference signals remains.

The total capacitance of the cable and of all capacitors must not exceed 10 nF in Ex applications.

Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applications. In particular, make sure that no potential equalisation currents flow over the cable screen. In case of grounding on both sides this can be achieved by the use of a capacitor or a separate potential equalisation.

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing cover
2. If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it to the left.
3. Loosen compression nut of the cable entry gland
4. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
6. Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
7. Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan

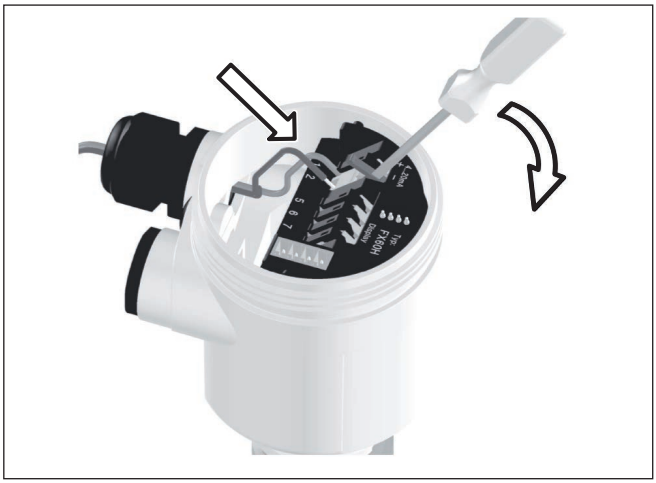


Fig. 15: Connection steps 6 and 7

8. Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
9. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them

10. Connect the screen to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to potential equalisation
11. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
12. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing

The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Housing overview

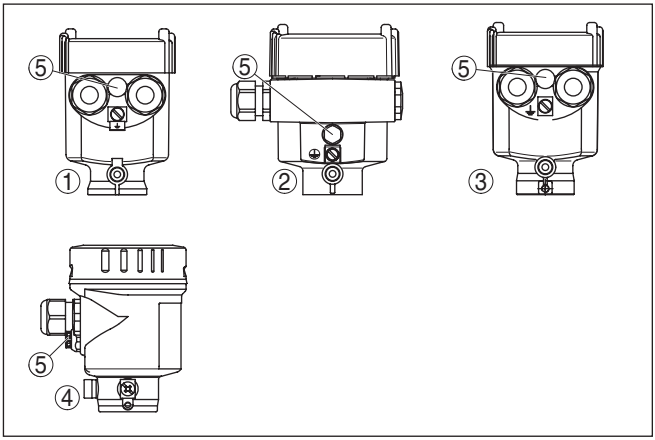


Fig. 16: Material versions, single chamber housing

1 *Plastic*
2 *Aluminium*
3 *Stainless steel, precision casting*
4 *Stainless steel, electro-polished*
5 *Filter element for air pressure compensation of all material versions. Blind plug with version IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar for Aluminium and stainless steel*

Electronics and terminal compartment

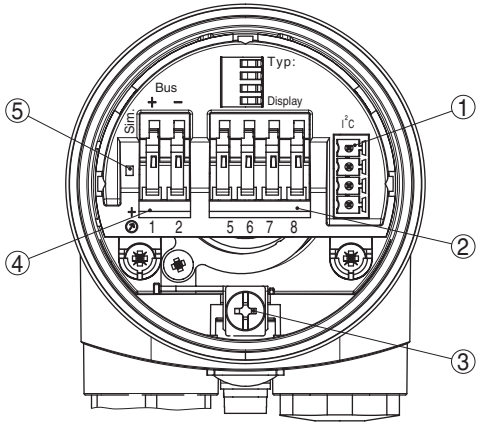


Fig. 17: Electronics and terminal compartment, single chamber housing

1 *Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)*
2 *Spring-loaded terminals for connection of the external indication VEGADIS 61*
3 *Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen*
4 *Spring-loaded terminals for Foundation Fieldbus connection*
5 *Simulation switch ("on" = simulation mode)*

Wiring plan

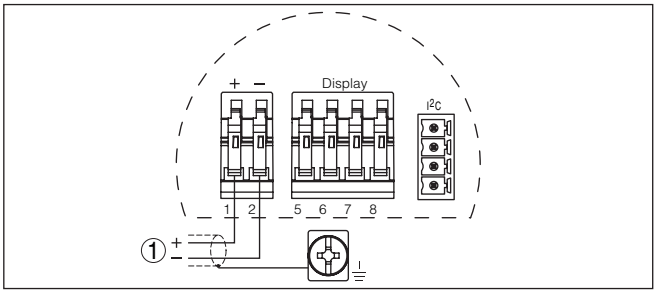


Fig. 18: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

1 *Voltage supply, signal output*

5.4 Wiring plan, double chamber housing

The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Housing overview

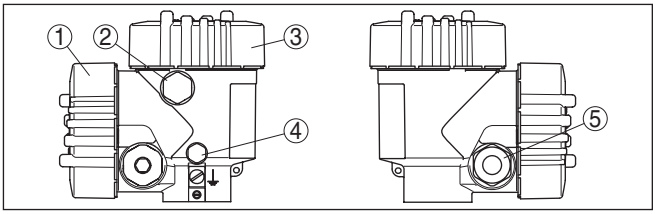


Fig. 19: Double chamber housing

1 Housing cover, connection compartment
2 Blind plug or plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 61 (optional)
3 Housing cover, electronics compartment
4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment

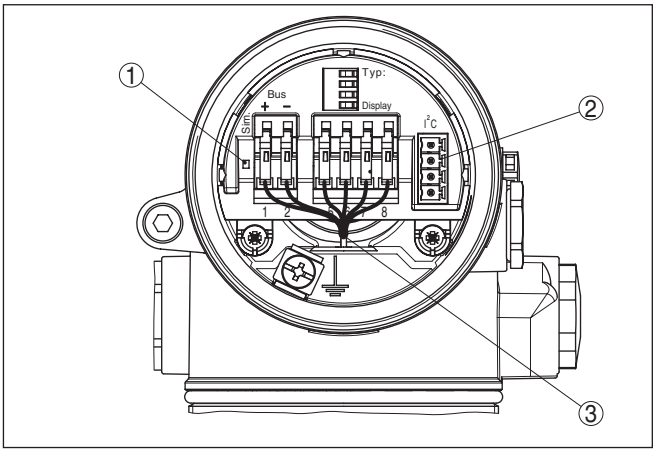


Fig. 20: Electronics compartment, double chamber housing

1 Simulation switch ("on" = simulation mode)
2 Connection for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)
3 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment

Terminal compartment

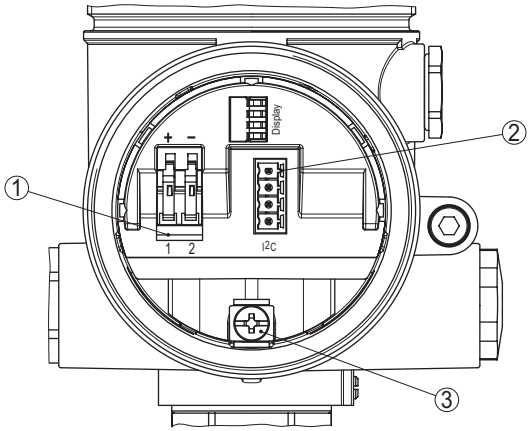


Fig. 21: Terminal compartment, double chamber housing

1 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply
2 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I^2C interface)
3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screen

Wiring plan

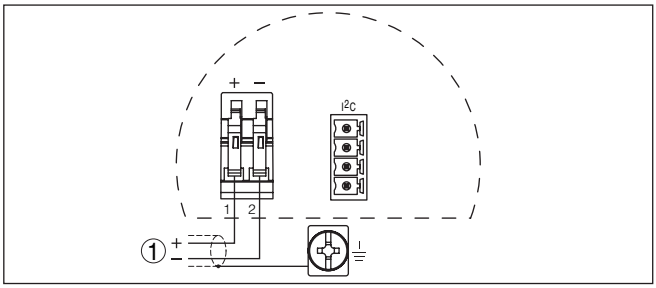


Fig. 22: Wiring plan, double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.5 Wiring plan - version IP 66/IP 68, 1 bar

Wire assignment, connection cable

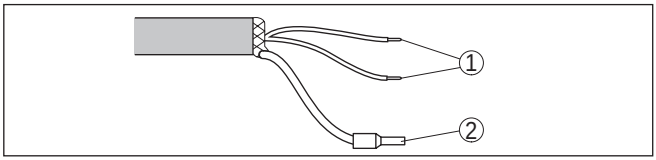


Fig. 23: Wire assignment, connection cable

1 brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
2 Shielding

5.6 Switch-on phase

Switch-on phase

After VEGASON 62 is connected to voltage supply or after voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 seconds. The following steps are carried out:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of the instrument type, the firmware as well as the sensor TAGs (sensor designation)
- Status byte goes briefly to fault value

Then the current measured value will be displayed and the corresponding digital output signal will be outputted to the cable.[1)]

[1)] The values correspond to the actual measured level as well as to the settings already carried out, e.g. default setting.

6 Set up with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM

6.1 Short description

Function/Configuration

The display and adjustment module is used for measured value display, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be mounted in the following housing versions and instruments:

- All sensors of the plics® instrument family, in the single as well as in the double chamber housing (optionally in the electronics or connection compartment)
- External display and adjustment unit VEGADIS 61

From a hardware version …- 01 or higher of PLICSCOM as well as a hardware version …- 01, 03 or higher of the corresponding sensor, an integrated backlight can be switched on via the adjustment menu. The hardware version is stated on the type label of the PLICSCOM or the sensor electronics.

Note:
You can find detailed information on adjustment in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*".

6.2 Insert display and adjustment module

Mount/Dismount display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing cover
2. Place the display and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (you can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°)
3. Press the display and adjustment module onto the electronics and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
4. Screw housing cover with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.

Fig. 24: Insert display and adjustment module

Note:
If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher cover with an inspection glass is required.

6.3 Adjustment system

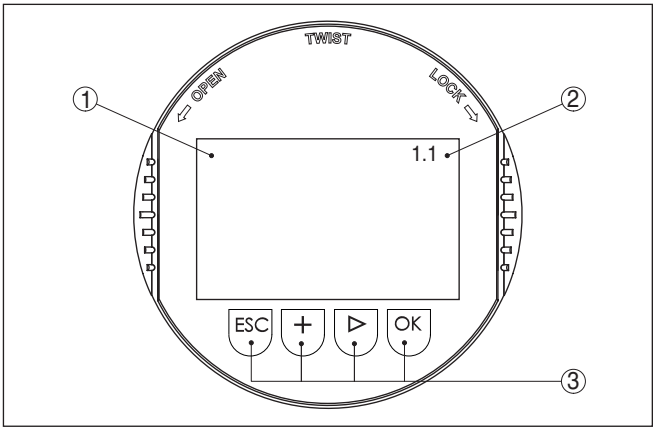


Fig. 25: Display and adjustment elements

1 LC display
2 Indication of the menu item number
3 Adjustment keys

Key functions

- ***[OK]*** key:

- Move to the menu overview
- Confirm selected menu
- Edit parameter
- Save value

- ***[->]*** key to select:
  - Menu change
  - Select list entry
  - Select editing position

- ***[+]*** key:
  - Change value of the parameter

- ***[ESC]*** key:
  - Interrupt input
  - Jump to next higher menu

Adjustment system

The sensor is adjusted via the four keys of the display and adjustment module. The LC display indicates the individual menu items. The functions of the individual keys are shown in the above illustration. Approx. 10 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with ***[OK]*** will not be saved.

6.4 Setup steps

Parameter adjustment

As VEGASON 62 is a distance measuring instrument, the distance from the sensor to the product surface is measured. To have the real product level displayed, an allocation of the measured distance to the percentage height must be made. To carry out this adjustment, the distance is entered with full and empty vessel. If these values are not known, an adjustment with the distance values, e.g. 10 % and 90 % is also possible. Starting point for these distance specifications is always the lower side of the flange, with all other versions the lower side of the transducer.

The actual level is then calculated on the basis of these entered values. At the same time, the operating range of the sensor is limited from maximum range to the requested range.

The real product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

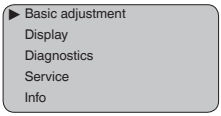
In the main menu item "*Basic adjustment*", the individual submenu items should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameter values.

Start your parameter adjustment with the following menu items of the basic adjustment:

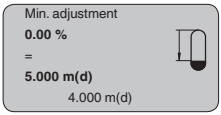
Carry out min. adjustment

Proceed as follows:

1. Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing ***[OK]***.



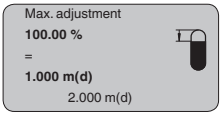
2. Select the menu item "*Basic adjustment*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now the menu item "*Min. adjustment*" is displayed.



3. Prepare the % value for editing with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***. Set the requested percentage value with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the distance value.
4. Enter the suitable distance value in m for the empty vessel (e.g. distance from the sensor to the vessel bottom) corresponding to the percentage value.
5. Save the settings with ***[OK]*** and move to "Max. adjustment" with ***[->]***.

Carry out max. adjustment

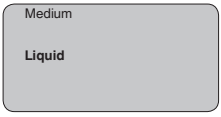
Proceed as follows:



1. Prepare the % value for editing with ***[OK]*** and set the cursor to the requested position with ***[->]***. Set the requested percentage value with ***[+]*** and save with ***[OK]***. The cursor jumps now to the distance value.
2. Enter the appropriate distance value in m (corresponding to the percentage value) for the full vessel. Keep in mind that the max. level must lie below the dead band.
3. Save the settings with ***[OK]*** and move to "Medium selection" with ***[->]***.

Medium selection

Each product has different reflective properties. In addition, there are various interfering factors which have to be taken into account: agitated product surfaces and foam generation (with liquids); dust generation, material cones and echoes from the vessel wall (with solids). To adapt the sensor to these different conditions, you should first select "*Liquid*" or "*Solid*".



With solids, you can also choose between "*Powder/Dust*", "*Granular/Pellets*" or "*Ballast/Pebbels*".

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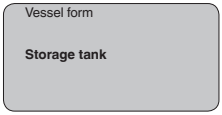
Through this additional selection, the sensor is adapted perfectly to the product and measurement reliability, particularly in products with poor reflective properties, is considerably increased.

Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Vessel form

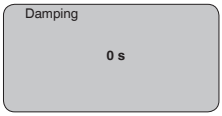
Apart from the medium, the vessel shape can also influence the measurement. To adapt the sensor to these measuring conditions, this menu item offers different options depending on whether liquid or bulk solid is selected. With "*Liquids*" these are "*Storage tank*", "*Stilling tube*","*Open vessel*" or "*Stirred vessel*", with "*Solid*", "*Silo*" or "*Bunker*".



Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Damping

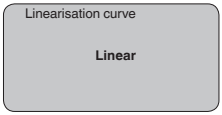
To suppress fluctuations in the measured value display, e. g. caused by an agitated product surface, a damping can be set. This time can be between 0 and 999 seconds. Keep in mind that the reaction time of the entire measurement will then be longer and the sensor will react to measured value changes with a delay. In general, a period of a few seconds is sufficient to smooth the measured value display.



Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

Linearisation curve

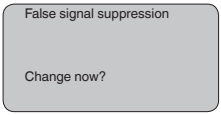
A linearisation is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. in a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearisation curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume. By activating the appropriate curve, the volume percentage of the vessel is displayed correctly. If the volume should not be displayed in percent but e.g. in l or kg, a scaling can be also set in the menu item "*Display*".



Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the ***[->]*** key.

False signal suppression

High sockets or vessel installations, such as e. g. struts or agitators as well as buildup and weld joints on the vessel walls, cause interfering reflections which can impair the measurement. A false echo storage detects and marks these false echoes, so that they are no longer taken into account for the level measurement. A false echo memory should be created with low level so that all potential interfering reflections can be detected.



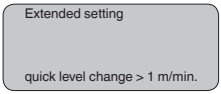
Proceed as follows:

1. Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing ***[OK]***.
2. Select the menu item "*Service*" with ***[->]*** and confirm with ***[OK]***. Now the menu item "*False signal suppression*" is displayed.
3. Confirm "*False signal suppression - Change now*" with ***[OK]*** and select in the below menu "*Create new*". Enter the actual distance from the sensor to the product surface. All false signals in this area are detected by the sensor and saved after confirming with ***[OK]***.

Note:
Check the distance to the product surface, because if an incorrect (too large) value is entered, the existing level will be saved as a false signal. The level would then no longer be detectable in this area.

Extended setting/Quick level change

The menu item "*Extended setting*" offers the possibility to optimise VEGASON 62 for applications in which the level changes very quickly. To do this, select the function "*Quick level change > 1 m/min.*".



Note:
Since with the function "*Quick level change > 1 m/min.*" the generation of an average value of the signal processing is considerably reduced, false reflections by agitators or vessel installations can cause measured value fluctuations. A false echo memory is thus recommended.

Copy sensor data

This function enables reading out parameter adjustment data as well as writing parameter adjustment data into the sensor via the display and adjustment module. A description of the function is available in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*".

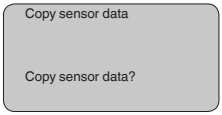
The following data are read out or written with this function:

- Measured value presentation
- Adjustment
- Medium
- Vessel form

- Damping
- Linearisation curve
- Sensor-TAG
- Displayed value
- Unit of measurement
- Language

The following safety-relevant data are **not** read out or written:

- PIN



Reset

Basic adjustment

If the "*Reset*" is carried out, the sensor resets the values of the following menu items to the reset values (see chart):[2)]

Function	Reset value
Max. adjustment	0 m(d)
Min. adjustment	Meas. range end in m(d)[3)]
Medium	Liquid
Vessel form	not known
Damping	0 s
Linearization	Linear
Sensor-TAG	Sensor
Displayed value	AI-Out
Unit of measurement	m(d)

The values of the following menu items are *not* reset to the reset values (see chart) with "**Reset**":

Function	Reset value
Language	No reset

Default setting

Like basic adjustment, but in addition, special parameters are reset to default values.[4)]

Peak value indicator

The min. and max. distance and temperature values are reset to the actual value.

Optional settings

Additional adjustment and diagnosis options such as e.g. scaling, simulation or trend curve presentation are shown in the following menu schematic. You will find a detailed description of these menu

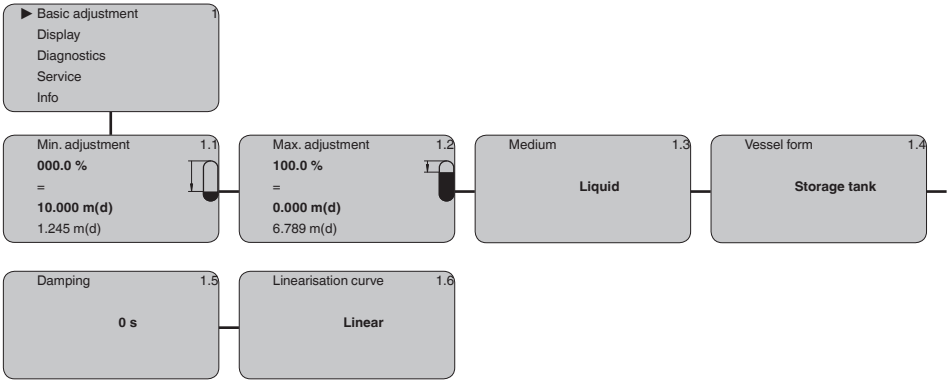
2) Sensor-specific basic adjustment.
3) Depending on the sensor type, see chapter "Technical data".
4) Special parameters are parameters which are set customer-specifically on the service level with the adjustment software PACTware.

items in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*".

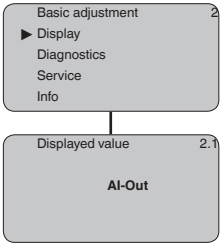
6.5 Menu schematic

Information:
Depending on the version and application, the highlighted menu windows may not always be available.

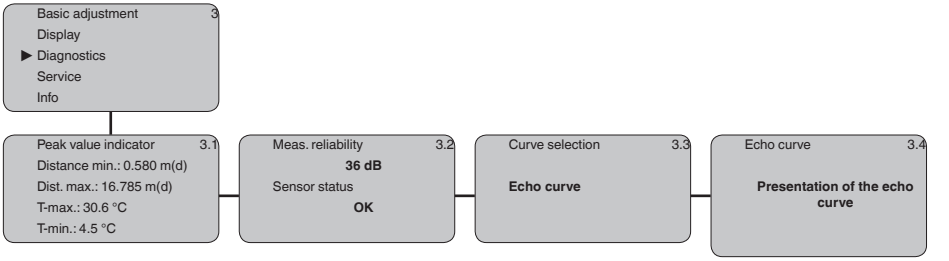
Basic adjustment



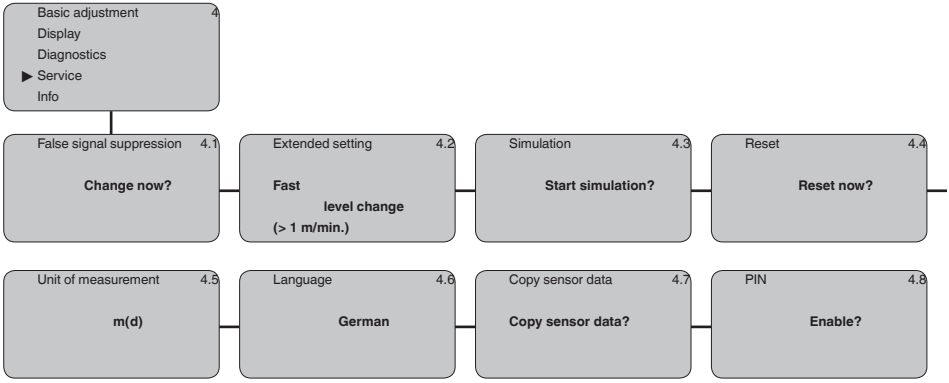
Display



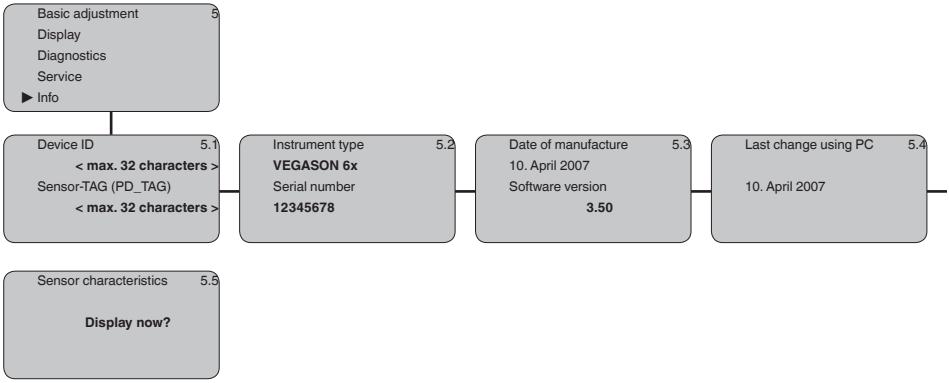
Diagnostics



Service



Info



6.10 Saving the parameter adjustment data

We recommended noting the adjusted data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

If VEGASON 62 is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the most important data can be read out of the sensor into the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described in the operating instructions manual "*Display and adjustment module*" in the menu item "*Copy sensor data*". The data remain there permanently even if the sensor power supply fails.

If it is necessary to exchange the sensor, the display and adjustment module is inserted into the replacement instrument and the data are written into the sensor under the menu item "*Copy sensor data*".

7 Set up with PACTware and other adjustment programs

7.1 Connect the PC via VEGACONNECT

VEGACONNECT directly on the sensor

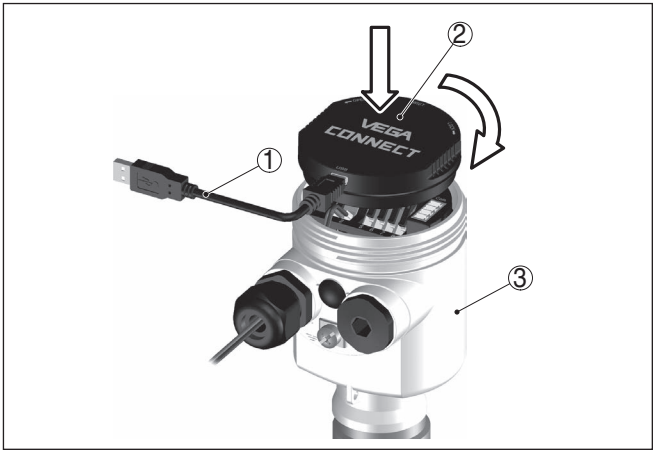


Fig. 26: Connection of the PC via VEGACONNECT directly to the sensor

1 USB cable to the PC
2 VEGACONNECT
3 Sensor

VEGACONNECT externally

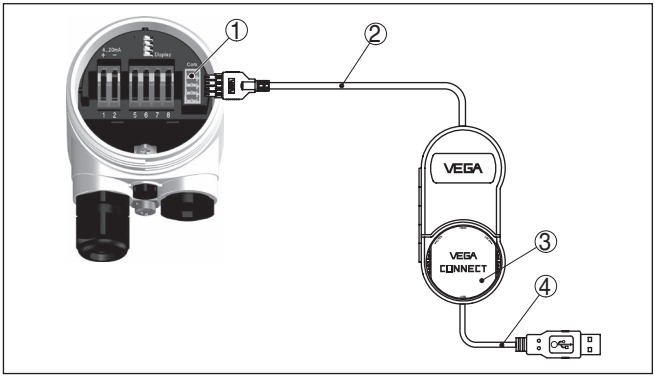


Fig. 27: Connection via VEGACONNECT externally

1 I^2C bus (com.) interface on the sensor
2 I^2C connection cable of VEGACONNECT
3 VEGACONNECT
4 USB cable to the PC

Necessary components:

- VEGASON 62
- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM

- VEGACONNECT
- Power supply unit or processing system

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

Prerequisites

For parameter adjustment of the instrument via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The latest PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual "*DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.

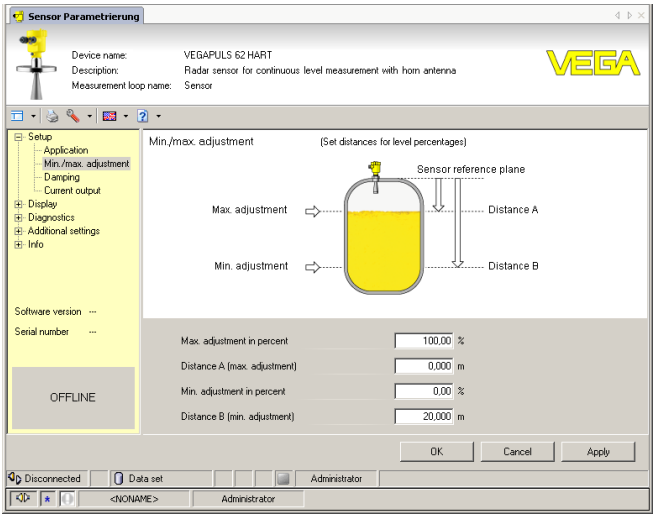


Fig. 28: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full version

All device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version, all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably. Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value

and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under www.vega.com/downloads and "*Software*". The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Parameter adjustment with AMS™

For VEGA sensors, instrument descriptions for the adjustment program AMS™ are available as DD. The instrument descriptions are already implemented in the current version of AMS™. For older versions of AMS™, a free-of-charge download is available via Internet.

Go via www.vega.com and "*Downloads*" to the item "*Software*".

7.4 Saving the parameter adjustment data

It is recommended to document or save the parameter adjustment data. That way they are available for multiple use or service purposes.

The VEGA DTM Collection and PACTware in the licensed, professional version provide suitable tools for systematic project documentation and storage.

8 Maintenance and fault rectification

8.1 Maintenance

If the instrument is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

8.2 Rectify faults

Reaction when malfunctions occur

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to rectify faults.

Causes of malfunction

VEGASON 62 offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.:

- Sensor
- Process
- Voltage supply
- Signal processing

Fault rectification

The first measures to be taken are to check the output signals as well as to evaluate the error messages via the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described below. Further comprehensive diagnostics can be carried out on a PC with the software PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the causes can be determined and the faults rectified this way.

24 hour service hotline

Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. **+49 1805 858550**.

The hotline is manned 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free, only standard call charges are incurred.

Checking Foundation Fieldbus

The following table describes possible errors and helps to remove them:

Error	Cause	Rectification
When an additional instrument is connected, the H1 segment fails.	Max. supply current of the segment coupler exceeded	Measure the current consumption, reduce size of segment
Measured value on the display and adjustment module does not correspond to the value in the PLC	The menu item "*Display - Display value*" is not set to "*AI-Out*"	Check values and correct, if necessary

Error	Cause	Rectification
Instrument does not appear during connection setup	Profibus DP cable pole-reversed	Check cable and correct, if necessary
	Incorrect termination	Check termination at the beginning and end points of the bus and terminate, if necessary, according to the specification
	Instrument not connected to the segment	Check and correct, if necessary

In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.

Error messages via the display and adjustment module

Error code	Cause	Rectification
E013	no measured value available	– Sensor in boot phase – Sensor does not find an echo, e.g. due to faulty installation or wrong parameter adjustment
E017	Adjustment span too small	– Carry out a fresh adjustment and increase the distance between min. and max. adjustment
E036	no operable sensor software	– Carry out a software update or send instrument for repair
E041	Hardware error, electronics defective	– Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair
E113	Communication conflict	– Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "*Set up*" may have to be carried out again.

8.3 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.

In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, one can be ordered from the VEGA agency serving you.

Sensor serial number

The new electronics module must be loaded with the settings of the sensor. These are the options:

- At the factory by VEGA
- Or on site by the user

In both cases, the sensor serial number is necessary. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument, inside the housing or on the delivery note.

Information:
When loading on site, first of all the order data must be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions manual "*Electronics module*").

Assignment

The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and distinguish also in the signal output or power supply.

8.4 Software update

The software version of VEGASON 62 can be determined as follows:

- on the type label of the electronics
- Via the display and adjustment module
- via PACTware

You can view all software histories on our website www.vega.com. Make use of this advantage and get registered for update information via e-mail.

The following components are required to update the sensor software:

- Sensor
- Voltage supply
- VEGACONNECT
- PC with PACTware
- Current sensor software as file

Load sensor software to PC

At "www.vega.com/downloads" go to "*Software*". Select under "*plics sensors and instruments*", "*Firmware updates*" the respective instrument series and software version. Load the zip file via the right mouse key with "*Save target as*" e.g. on the desktop of your PC. Move with the right mouse key to the folder and select "*Extract all*". Save the extracted files, for example on the desktop.

Prepare update

Connect the signal conditioning instrument to power supply and provide the connection from the PC to the instrument via the interface adapter. Start PACTware and go via the menu "*Project*" to the *VEGA project assistant*. Select "*USB*" and "*Set instruments online*". Activate the project assistant with "*Start*". The assistant establishes the connection automatically and opens the parameter adjustment window "*Sensor # online parameter adjustment*". Connect this parameter adjustment window before you carry out further steps.

Load software into sensor

Select with the right mouse key the sensor in the project and go to "*Additional function*". Then click to "*Software update*". The window "*Sensor # software update*" opens. PACTware checks now the sensor data and displays the actual hardware and software version of the sensor. This takes approximately 60 s.

Push the button "*Update software*" and select the previously extracted hex file. Then the software update can be started. The additional files are installed automatically. Depending on the sensor, this procedure can last up to 1 h. Then the message appears ""*Software update successfully executed*".

8.5 How to proceed if a repair is needed

You can find a repair form as well as detailed information on how to proceed at www.vega.com/downloads and "*Forms and certificates*".

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page www.vega.com.

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9 Dismount

9.1 Dismounting steps

Warning:
Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to power supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

9.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the parts to be easily separable.

WEEE directive 2002/96/EG
This instrument is not subject to the WEEE directive 2002/96/EG and the respective national laws. Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points. These may be used only for privately used products according to the WEEE directive.

Correct disposal avoids negative effects on humans and the environment and ensures recycling of useful raw materials.

Materials: see chapter "*Technical data*"

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

10 Supplement

10.1 Technical data

General data	
Materials, wetted parts	
– Process fitting, transducer	PVDF
– Seal transducer/process fitting	EPDM, FKM
Materials, non-wetted parts	
– Housing	Plastic PBT (polyester), Alu die-casting powder-coated, 316L
– Seal between housing and housing cover	NBR (stainless steel housing), silicone (Alu/plastic housing)
– Inspection window in housing cover	Polycarbonate
– Ground terminal	316Ti/316L
Weight	1.8 … 4 kg (4 … 8.8 lbs), depending on the process fitting and housing
Max. torque mounting boss	25 Nm

Output variable	
Output	
– Signal	digital output signal, Foundation Fieldbus protocol
– Physical layer	according to IEC 61158-2
Cycle time	min. 1 s (dependent on the parameter setting)
– Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0 … 999 s, adjustable
– Met NAMUR recommendation	NE 43
Channel Numbers	
– Channel 1	Primary value
– Channel 2	Secondary value 1
– Channel 3	Secondary value 2
Transmission rate	31.25 Kbit/s
Current value	10 mA, ±0.5 mA
Resolution, digital	> 1 mm (0.039 in)

Input variable	
Measured variable	distance between lower edge of the transducer and product surface
Measuring range	
– Liquids	up to 8 m (26.25 ft)
– Bulk solids	up to 3.5 m (11.48 ft)
Dead zone	0.4 m (1.312 ft)

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Reference conditions to measuring accuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1	
– Temperature	+18 … +30 °C (+64 … +86 °F)
– Relative humidity	45 … 75 %
– Air pressure	860 … 1060 mbar/86 … 106 kPa (12.5 … 15.4 psig)
Other reference conditions	
– Reflector	ideal reflector, e.g. metal plate 2 x 2 m (6.56 x 6.56 ft)
– False reflections	Biggest false signal, 20 dB smaller than the useful signal

Measuring characteristics

Ultrasonic frequency	55 kHz
Interval	> 2 s (dependent on the parameter adjustment)
Abstrahlwinkel at -3 dB	11°
Adjustment time[5]	> 3 s (dependent on the parameter adjustment)

Measuring accuracy

Resolution, general	max. 1 mm
Deviation[6]	see diagram

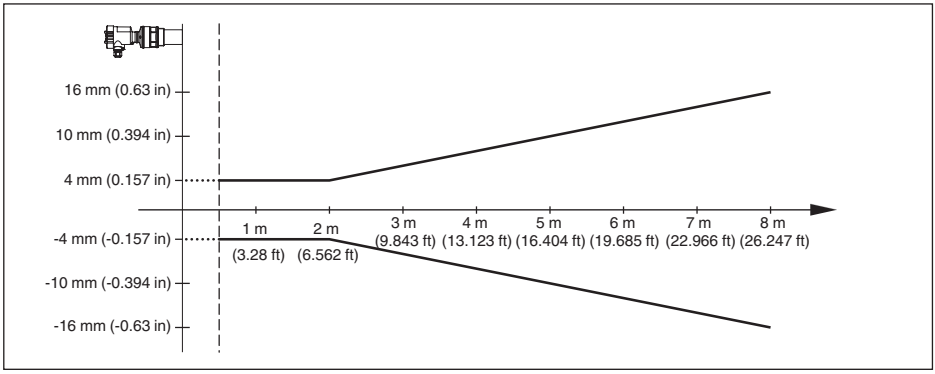

Fig. 29: Deviation VEGASON 62

Influence of the ambient temperature to the sensor electronics[7]

Average temperature coefficient of the zero signal (temperature error)	0.06 %/10 K

Ambient conditions

Ambient, storage and transport temperature	-40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)

[5] Time to output the correct level (with max. 10 % deviation) after a sudden level change.
[6] Incl. non-linearity, hysteresis and non-repeatability.
[7] Relating to the nominal measuring range.

Process conditions	
Process pressure	-20 … 200 kPa/-0.2 … 2 bar (-2.9 … 29 psig)
Process temperature (transducer temperature)	
– Seal EPDM	-40 … +80 °C (-40 … +176 °F)
– Seal FKM	-20 … +80 °C (-4 … +176 °F)
Vibration resistance	mechanical vibrations with 4 g and 5 … 100 Hz[8]

Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 67 and IP 66/IP 68; 0.2 bar	
Cable entry/plug[9]	
– Single chamber housing	– 1 x cable gland M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 … 9 mm), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5 or: – 1 x closing cap M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5 or: – 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT or: – 1 x plug (depending on the version), 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5
– Double chamber housing	– 1 x cable entry M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 … 9 mm), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind plug M16 x 1.5 or optionally available with 1 x plug M12 x 1 for external display and adjustment unit or: – 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug M16 x 1.5 or optionally 1 x plug M12 x 1 for external display and adjustment unit or: – 1 x plug (depending on the version), 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind plug M16 x 1.5 or optionally available with 1 x plug M12 x 1 for external display and adjustment unit
Spring-loaded terminals for wire cross-section	< 2.5 mm² (AWG 14)

Electromechanical data - version IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar)	
Cable entry	
– Single chamber housing	1 x IP 68 cable gland M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5
– Double chamber housing	1 x IP 68 cable gland M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind stopper M16 x 1.5
Connection cable	
– Wire cross-section	0.5 mm² (AWG 20)
– Wire resistance	< 0.036 Ω/m (0.011 Ω/ft)
– Tensile strength	< 1200 N (270 lbf)
– Standard length	5 m (16.4 ft)

[8] Tested according to the guidelines of German Lloyd, GL directive 2.

[9] Depending on the version M12 x 1, according to DIN 43650, Harting, 7/8" FF.

– Max. length	1000 m (3280 ft)
– Min. bending radius	25 mm (0.984 in) with 25 °C (77 °F)
– Diameter approx.	8 mm (0.315 in)
– Colour - standard PE	Black
– Colour - standard PUR	Blue
– Colour - Ex-version	Blue

Display and adjustment module

Voltage supply and data transmission	through the sensor
Indication	LC display in dot matrix
Adjustment elements	4 keys
Protection rating	
– unassembled	IP 20
– mounted into the sensor without cover	IP 40
Material	
– Housing	ABS
– Inspection window	Polyester foil

Voltage supply

Operating voltage	
– Non-Ex instrument	9 … 32 V DC
– Ex-ia instrument	9 … 24 V DC
– Ex-d instrument	16 … 32 V DC
Operating voltage with illuminated display and adjustment module	
– Non-Ex instrument	12 … 32 V DC
– Ex-ia instrument	12 … 24 V DC
– Ex-d instrument	20 … 32 V DC
Power supply by/max. number of sensors	
– Fieldbus	max. 32 (max. 10 with Ex)

Electrical protective measures

Protection, depending on housing version	
– Plastic housing	IP 66/IP 67 (NEMA 4X)
– Aluminium housing, stainless steel housing - investment casting, stainless steel housing - electro-polished	IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) NEMA 6P[10)]
– Aluminium and stainless housing, investment casting (optionally available)	IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar) NEMA 6P
Overvoltage category	III
Protection class	II

[10)] A suitable cable is the prerequisite for maintaining the protection rating.

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have different technical specifications depending on the version.

For that reason the associated approval documents of these instruments have to be carefully noted. They are part of the delivery or can be downloaded under www.vega.com via "*VEGA Tools*" and "*Instrument search*" as well as via "*Downloads*" and "*Approvals*".

10.2 Foundation Fieldbus

Block diagram, measured value processing

The following illustration shows the Transducer Block (TB) and Function block (FB) in simplified form.

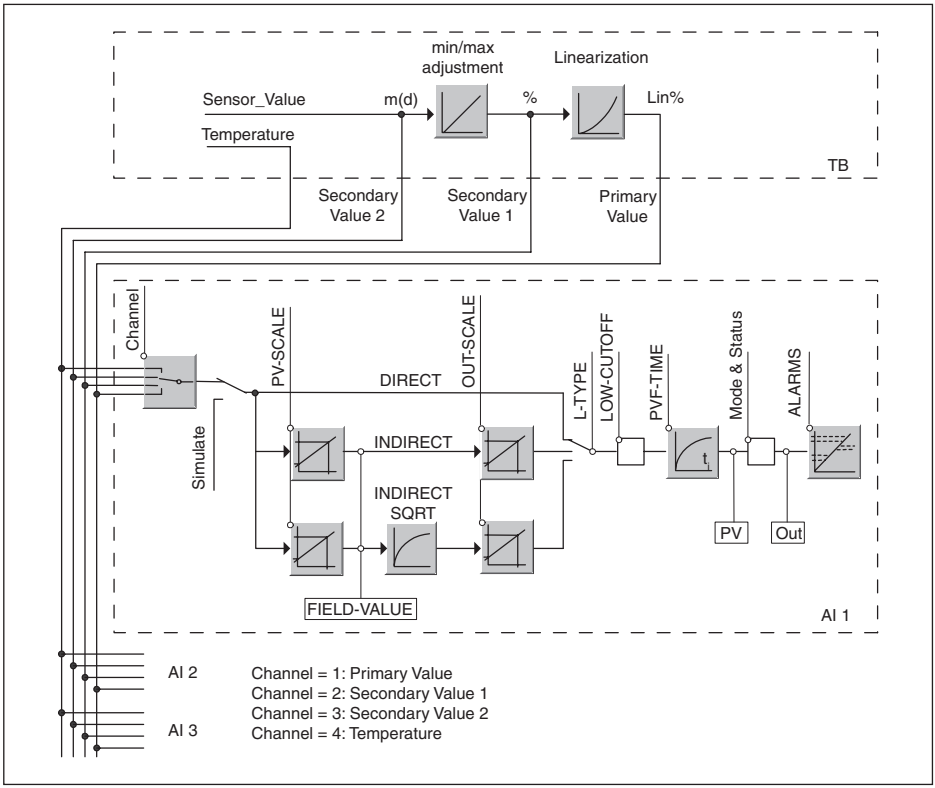

Fig. 30: VEGASON 62 measured value processing

Diagram, adjustment

The following illustration shows the function of the adjustment:

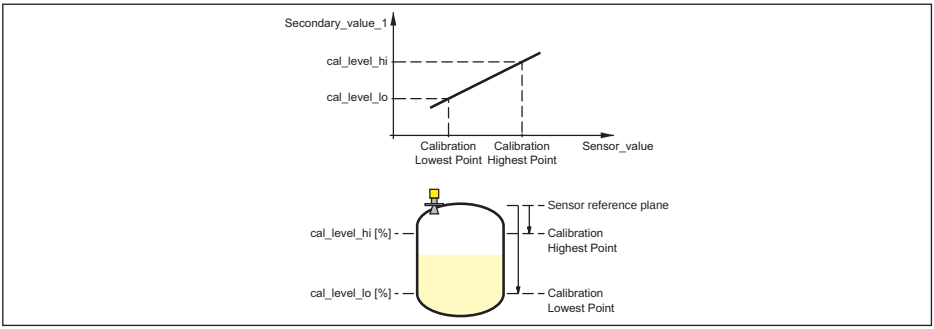

Fig. 31: Adjustment VEGASON 62

Parameter list for Device revision 3.0

The following list contains the most important parameters and their meaning:

- primary_value
  - This is the process value after adjustment and Linearization with the status of the transducer block
- primary_value_unit
  - Unit code of 'Primary_value'
- secondary_value_1
  - Value after min./max.-adjustment (level + level offset). Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 2. Unit derives from 'Secondary_value_1_unit'
- secondary_value_1_unit
  - Unit code of 'Secondary_value_1'
- secondary_value_2
  - Sensor value + sensor offset. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 3. Unit derives from 'Secondary_value_2_unit'
- secondary_value_2_unit
  - Unit code of 'Secondary_value_2'
- sensor_value
  - Raw sensor value, i.e. the uncalibrated measurement value from the sensor. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- sensor_range
  - Sensor_range.unit' refers to 'Sensor_value', 'Max/Min_peak_sensor_value', 'Cal_point_hi/lo'
- simulate_primary_value
- simulate_secondary_value_1
- simulate_secondary_value_2
- Device Status
- Linearization Type
  - Possible types of linearization are: linear, user defined, cylindrical lying container, spherical container
- CURVE_POINTS_1_10
  - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- CURVE_POINTS_11_20
  - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- CURVE_POINTS_21_30
  - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve
- CURVE_POINTS_31_33
  - X and Y values for the user defined linearization curve

- CURVE_STATUS
  - Result of table plausibility check
- SUB_DEVICE_NUMBER
- SENSOR_ELEMENT_TYPE
- display_source_selector
  - Selects the type of value, which is displayed on the indicating and adjustment module
- max_peak_sensor_value
  - Holds the maximum sensor value. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- min_peak_sensor_value
  - Holds the minimum sensor value. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- CAL_POINT_HI
  - Min./max.-adjustment: Upper calibrated point of the sensor. It refers to 'Cal_level_hi'. The unit is defined in 'Sensor_range.unit'hi
- CAL_POINT_LO
  - Min./max.-adjustment: Lower calibrated point of the sensor. It refers to 'Cal_level_lo'. The unit is defined in 'Sensor_range.unit'
- CAL_LEVEL_HI
  - Min./max.-adjustment: Level at 'Cal_point_hi'. When writing 'Cal_level_hi' and 'Cal_type' = 1 (Online) the 'Cal_point_hi' is automatically set to the current sensor value. The unit is defined in 'Level_unit'
- CAL_LEVEL_LO
  - Min./max.-adjustment: Level at 'Cal_point_lo'. When writing 'Cal_level_lo' and 'Cal_type' = 1 (Online), the 'Cal_point_lo' is automatically set to the current sensor value. The unit is defined in 'Level_unit'
- CAL_TYPE
  - Min./max.-adjustment: Defines type of calibration: Dry: no influence of sensor value. Online: current sensor value determines 'Cal_point_hi/lo'
- level
  - Value after min./max. adjustment
- level_unit
  - Unit code of 'Level', 'Level_offset', 'Cal_level_hi', 'Cal_level_lo'
- level_offset
  - Offset that is added to the 'Level' value. Unit derives from 'Level_unit'
- SENSOR_OFFSET
  - Offset that is added to the 'Sensor_value'. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- end_of_operation_range
  - Set up to suit the process conditions
- begin_of_operation_range
  - Set up to suit the process conditions
- product_type
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written
- liquids_medium_type
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written
- solids_medium_type
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written
- liquids_vessel_type
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written

- solids_vessel_type
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written
- fast_level_change
  - Set up to suit the process conditions. If Special-Parameter adjustment has been utilized this parameter cannot be written
- first_echo_factor
  - Set up to suit the process conditions
- pulse_velocity_correction
  - Set up to suit the process conditions
- echo_quality
  - Signal/Noise ratio
- empty_vessel_curve_corr_dist
  - Distance from the sensor to the product surface. Unit derives from 'Sensor_range.unit'
- empty_vessel_curve_corr_op_code
  - Update, create new or delete the empty vessel curve
- sound_velocity
  - Set up to suit the process conditions
- sound_velocity_unit
  - Unit code of 'Sound_velocity'
- Temperature
  - Process temperature. Selected as input to AIFB by setting 'Channel' = 4. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'
- temperature_unit
  - Unit code of 'Temperature', 'Max./Min._peak_temperature_value'
- max_peak_temperature_value
  - Holds the maximum process temperature. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'
- min_peak_temperature_value
  - Holds the minimum process temperature. Write access resets to current value. Unit derives from 'Temperature.unit'

10.3 Dimensions

Housing in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar)

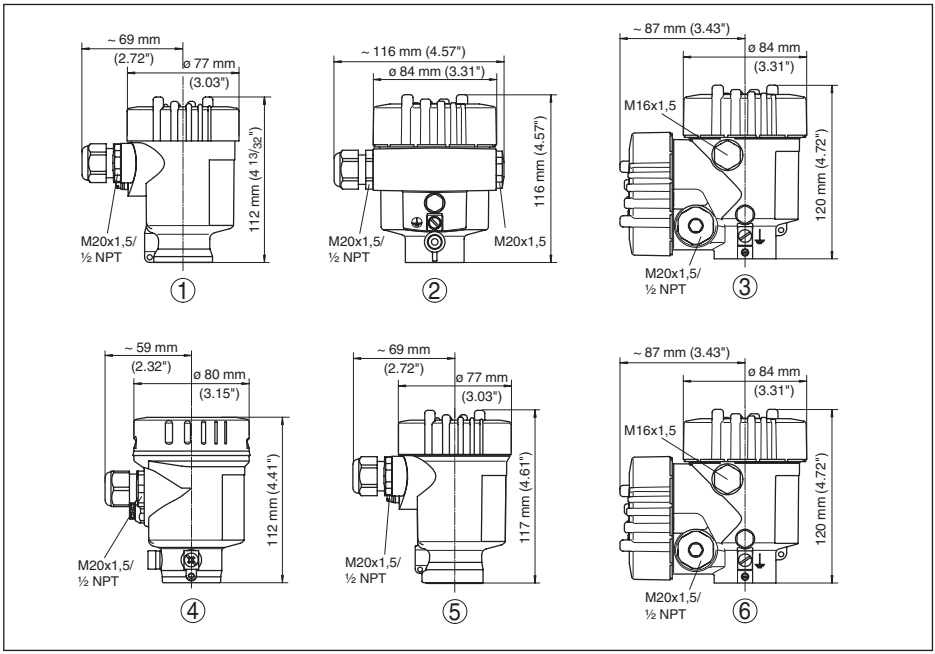

Fig. 32: Housing versions in protection IP 66/IP 68 (0.2 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher

1 *Plastic housing*
2 *Aluminium housing*
3 *Aluminium double chamber housing*
4 *Stainless steel housing, electropolished*
5 *Stainless steel housing - precision casting*
6 *Stainless steel double chamber housing - precision casting*

Housing in protection IP 66/IP 68 (1 bar)

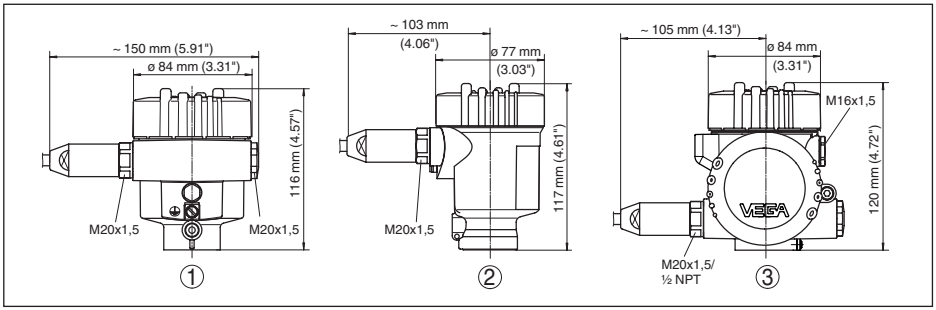

Fig. 33: Housing versions with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar) - with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher

1 *Aluminium housing*
2 *Stainless steel housing - precision casting*
2 *Stainless steel double chamber housing - precision casting*

VEGASON 62

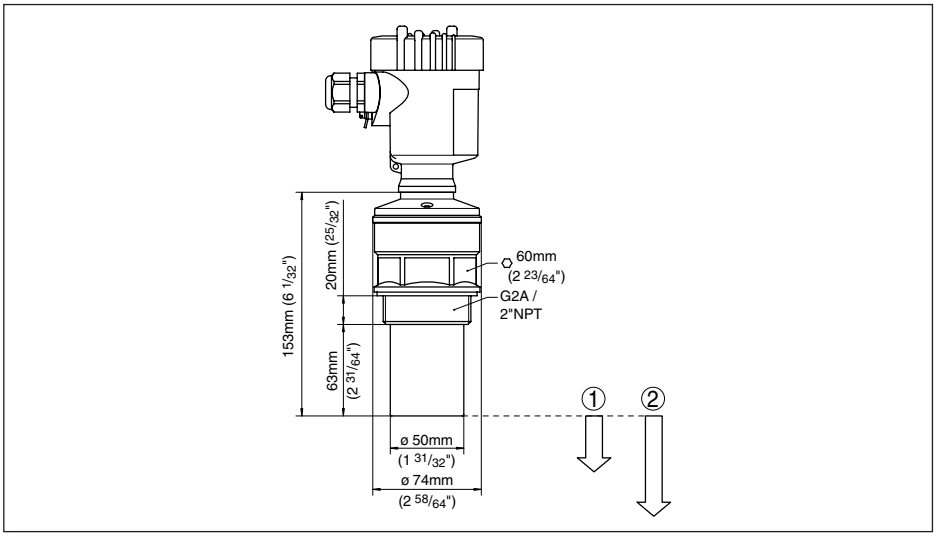

Fig. 34: VEGASON 62

1 *Dead zone: 0.4 m (1.312 ft)*
2 *Measuring range: with liquids up to 8 m (26.25 ft), with solids up to 3.5 m (11.48 ft)*

10.4 Industrial property rights

VEGA product lines are global protected by industrial property rights. Further information see www.vega.com.

Only in U.S.A.: Further information see patent label at the sensor housing.

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10.5 Trademark

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Printing date:

All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.
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